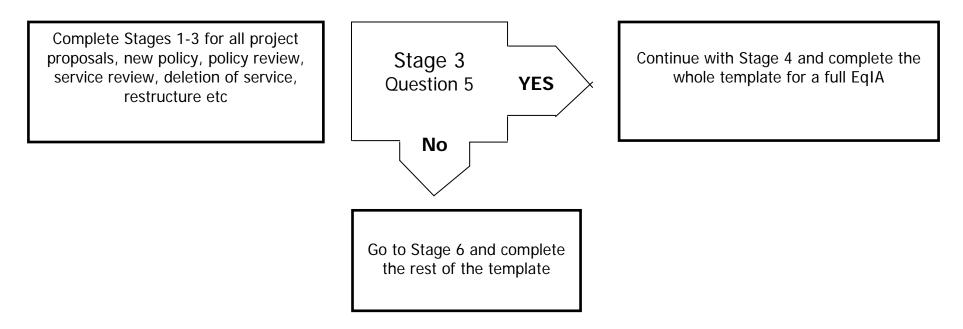
## Equality Impact Assessment Template

The Council has revised and simplified its Equality Impact Assessment process (EqIA). There is now just one Template. Lead Officers will need to complete **Stages 1-3** to determine whether a full EqIA is required and the need to complete the whole template.



- In order to complete this assessment, it is important that you have read the Corporate Guidelines on EqIAs and preferably completed the EqIA E-learning Module.
- You are also encouraged to refer to the EqIA Template with Guidance Notes to assist you in completing this template.
- SIGN OFF: All EqIAs need to be signed off by your Directorate Equality Task Groups.
- Legal will NOT accept any report without a fully completed, Quality Assured and signed off EqIA.
- The EqIA Guidance, Template and sign off process is available on the Hub under Equality and Diversity

Equality Imp	pact Assessment (E	qIA	) Templa <sup>-</sup>	te			
Type of Decision: Tick ✓	X Cabinet	ortfo	lio Holder	Other (e	expla	in)	
Date decision to be taken:	TBC						
Value of savings to be made (if applicable):	£210k COM s10						
Title of Project:	To remove the full Neighb onwards	ourho	od Investmen	t Scheme (	(NIS)	) budget from 16/17	
Directorate / Service responsible:	Community Directorate						
Name and job title of Lead Officer:	David Corby						
Name & contact details of the other persons involved in the assessment:	Venetia-Reid-Baptiste						
Date of assessment (including review dates):	December 2016						
<ul> <li>1. What are you trying to do?</li> <li>(Explain your proposals here e.g. introduction of a new service or policy, policy review, changing criteria, reduction / removal of service, restructure, deletion of posts etc)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The focus of the NIS is to enable projects to be carried out that best contribute to improving a area. All projects are determined at Members discretion, but there should be a minimum ben to be delivered as a result of the implementation, for example,</li> <li>Issues residents consider to be the most important</li> <li>Projects that will have the widest community impact</li> <li>Projects that offer good value for money</li> </ul>						esult en d
2. Who are the main groups / Protected Characteristics that may be affected by your proposals? (✓ all that apply)	Residents / Service Users Staff	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	Partners Age		✓ ✓ ✓	Stakeholders Disability	✓ ✓

		Gender Reassignment		Marriage and Civil Partnership	Pregnar Materni	2	
		Race	$\checkmark$	Religion or Belief	Sex		✓
		Sexual Orientation		Other			
<ul><li>authority or organisation? I</li><li>Who are the partners?</li><li>Who has the overall res</li></ul>		N/A					
users, workforce profiles, r interviews, staff surveys, p Characteristics.	ble to assess the potential impa esults from consultations and t ress reports, letters from reside ta is not available/being collate	he involvement tracker, cust ents and complaints etc. Wh	ome ere p	r satisfaction surveys, for possible include data on t	cus groups, re he nine Prote	esearch ected	
Protected Characteristic	Evide	nce		Analysi	s & Impact		
Age (including carers of young/older people)	The 2011 Census estimated there were 239,100 people living in Harrow Looking at the borough's population in three broad age groups, 0-15 (children), 16-64 (working age) and 65+ (older people), the breakdown (Census 2011) is as follows: 0-15 20.1%, 16-64 65.8%, 65+ 14.1%.						
Disability (including carers of disabled people)	6,380 people in Harrow were and Support Allowance (ESA August 2015, 4.0% of the tota	) and Incapacity Benefits in	No	impact is anticipated			

Gender Reassignment	Data not currently available for this protected characteristic.	No impact is anticipated						
Marriage / Civil Partnership	Data not currently available for this protected characteristic.	No impact is anticipated						
Pregnancy and Maternity	Data not currently available for this protected characteristic.	No impact is anticipated						
Race	The GLA's 2011 Census Ethnic Diversity Indic that Harrow is ranked 7 <sup>th</sup> nationally for ethnic of Diversity indices measure the number of different/distinct groups present in the populati the sizes of these distinct groups relative to ea The main ethnic groups identified by the 2011 were: 30.88% White (UK); 26.38% Indian; 11.2 Asian; 8.2% Other White; 3.57 African	diversity. Ion and Ich other. No impact is anticipated Census						
Religion and Belief	The 2011 Census showed the following religio Harrow: Christian 37.31%; Buddhist 1.13%; Hi 25.27%; Jewish 4.41%; Muslim 12.5%; Sikh 1. Other religions 2.49%.	ndu No impact is anticipated						
Sex / Gender	The 2011 Census showed that there were 118 males and 121,000 females in Harrow.	No impact is anticipated						
Sexual Orientation	Data not currently available for this protected characteristic	No impact is anticipated						
Stage 3: Assessing Pot	Stage 3: Assessing Potential Disproportionate Impact							
-	<b>5.</b> Based on the evidence you have considered so far, is there a risk that your proposals could potentially have a disproportionate adverse impact							
on any of the Protected Ch Age (includir	Disability Gender Marriage	Pregnancy and MaternityRaceReligion and BeliefSexSexual Orientation						

	carers)	carers)		Partnership					
Yes									
No	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
VES - If there is a risk of disproportionate adverse Impact on any ONE of the Protected Characteristics, complete a FULL Fold									

**ES** - If there is a fisk of disproportionate adverse impact of any **ONE** of the Protected Characteristics, complete a FOLL EquA.

 Best Practice: You may want to consider setting up a Working Group (including colleagues, partners, stakeholders, voluntary community sector organisations, service users and Unions) to develop the rest of the EqIA

 It will be useful to also collate further evidence (additional data, consultation with the relevant communities, stakeholder groups and service users directly affected by your proposals) to further assess the potential disproportionate impact identified and how this can be mitigated.

- NO If you have ticked 'No' to all of the above, then go to Stage 6
- Although the assessment may not have identified potential disproportionate impact, you may have identified actions which can be taken to advance equality of opportunity to make your proposals more inclusive. These actions should form your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 6

## Stage 4: Further Consultation / Additional Evidence

6. What further consultation have you undertaken on your proposals as a result of your analysis at Stage 3?

Who was consulted? What consultation methods were used?			What do the results show about the impact on different groups / Protected Characteristics?	What actions have you taken to address the findings of the consultation? E.g. revising you proposals	
Stage 5: Asse	ssing Imp	act			
7. What does yo	our evidenc	e tell you about the in	npact on the different Protected Characteristics? C	Consider whether the evidence shows potential	
for differential in	npact, if so	state whether this is a	a positive or an adverse impact? If adverse, is it a	minor or major impact?	
Protected Characteristic	Positive Impact	Adverse Impact	Explain what this impact is, how likely it is to happen and the extent of impact if it was to	What measures can you take to mitigate the impact or advance equality of opportunity?	

	~	Minor ✓	Major ✓	occur. Note – Positive impact can also be used to demonstrate how your proposals meet the aims of the PSED Stage 7	E.g. further consultation, research, implement equality monitoring etc (Also Include these in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 6)
Age (including carers of young/older people)					
Disability (including carers of disabled people)					
Gender Reassignment					
Marriage and Civil Partnership					
Pregnancy and Maternity					
Race					

Religion or Belief								
Sex								
Sexual orientation								
8. Cumulative	Impact –	Considerin	g what else	e is happening within the	Yes		No	
impact on a part If yes, which Pro	icular Prote	ected Chara	acteristic?	osals have a cumulative affected and what is the				
potential impact		onsidoring	what also	is happening within the	Vac		Ne	
Council and Harr austerity, welfare levels of crime) of	row as a wl e reform, u could your	hole (for ex inemploym proposals l	kample nat ent levels, have an im	ional/local policy, community tensions, pact on individuals/service mmunity cohesion?	Yes		No	
If ves, what is th	ne potentia	l impact an	d how like	ly is it to happen?				
Stage 6 – Improvement Action Plan         List below any actions you plan to take as a result of this Impact Assessment. These should include:								
<ul> <li>Proposals to mitigate any adverse impact identified</li> <li>Positive action to advance equality of opportunity</li> <li>Monitoring the impact of the proposals/changes once they have been implemented</li> </ul>								

•	Any monitoring measures which	need to be introduced to ensu	ure effective monitoring of	your proposals? Ho	w often will you do this?
	The monitoring mousares which		and officiative interniterining of	Joan proposais. He	worton win you do this.

Area of potential		How will you know this has been				
adverse impact e.g.	Proposal to mitigate adverse impact	achieved? E.g. Performance	Lead Officer/Team	Target Date		
Race, Disability		Measure / Target				
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Stage 7: Public Sec	ctor Equality Duty					
10. How do your prop	oosals meet the Public Sector Equality Duty					
(PSED) to:						
	discrimination, harassment and victimisation	The public sector equality duty	will be taken into accor	unt when		
	prohibited by the Equality Act 2010	implementing this proposal.				
	of opportunity between people from different					
groups	no between needle from different groups					
Stage 8: Recomme	ons between people from different groups					
5	wing statements best describes the outcome o	f your Fall ( 🖌 tick one boy only)				
			uctor			
Outcome 1 – No change required: the EqIA has not identified any potential for unlawful conduct or disproportionate impact and all opportunities to advance equality of opportunity are being addressed.						
Outcome 2 – Minor Impact: Minor adjustments to remove / mitigate adverse impact or advance equality of						
opportunity have been identified by the EqIA and these are included in the Action Plan to be addressed.						
Outcome 3 – Major Impact: Continue with proposals despite having identified potential for adverse impact or						
missed opportunities to advance equality of opportunity. In this case, the justification needs to be included in the						
EqIA and should be in line with the PSED to have 'due regard'. In some cases, compelling reasons will be needed.						
You should also consider whether there are sufficient plans to reduce the adverse impact and/or plans to monitor						

the impact. (Explain this in Q12 below)	
12. If your EqIA is assessed as outcome 3 explain your justification with full reasoning to continue with your proposals.	

Stage 9 - Organisational sign Off 13. Which group or committee considered, reviewed and agreed the EqIA and the Improvement Action Plan?	Reviewed by the Chair of the DETG and will be reviewed as part of the Cabinet process.					
Signed: (Lead officer completing EqIA)	Dave Corby	Signed: (Chair of DETG)	Dave Corby			
Date:	19/12/2016	Date:	19/12/2016			
Date EqIA presented at Cabinet Briefing (if required)		Signature of DETG Chair (following Cabinet Briefing if relevant)				